# **Online** 5 Day National level Faculty Development Programme

# "RECENT TRENDS IN MATHEMATICS" 14<sup>th</sup> to 18<sup>th</sup> February, 2022

Organized by

Department of Mathematics & Statistics (Under DBT-Star College Scheme)



#### Bhavan

#### BHAVAN'S VIVEKANANDA COLLEGE

OF SCIENCE, RUMANITIES & COMMERCE Salatipari, Secondarabad - 198084
Autonomous College-Affiliated to O.U.
Accredited with 'A' grade to NAAC

5 Day National Level Faculty Development Programme on "Recent Trends in Mathematics"

14th to 18th February 2022

Organized by
Department of Mathematics & Statistics
(Under DBT - Star College Scheme)

#### About College: https://bhavansvc.ac.in/

Bhavan's Vivekanunda College was satablished in 1993 under the augis of Bharailya Vidya Bhavan, Mushai and accredited with 'A' grade by NAAC. College is granted autonous by UGC from 2015-16. The college is located in a sprawling 58-arre campus at Sainliguest, Seconderabad. It started with a modest strength of 131 stadents with 5 undergraduate programmes and a faculty strength of 11. Tuday, after 28 years, the College has become use of the premier institutes in the twin cities with a strength of about 1809 students and 133 faculty members. The College has been highly successful in imparting quality education with a consistently good academic record.

#### About Department of Mathematics & Statistics

About Department of Mathematics & Statistics. The Department of Mathematics started with the inception of the callege in 1992, with one beturn and three moderproduct programs. (Mathe-Physics-Chemistry, Mathe-Physics-Electronics and Mathe-Physics-Campoter Sciences, Statistics was introduced in 1994 with one letture and one undergraduate program (Mathe-Statistics, computer Sciences, After 18 glections years and the 19th year on, the Department of Mathematics and Statistics, which started with an intuite of 50 students, has expanded to an annual intake of 50 students. As ou date, the Department has strength of about 1100 students, an increase of 16 times plus, the initial intake.

#### For Resistration Click the Link here

No Registration Fee e-Certificates will be provided for Active participation

Platform : ZOOM

# Chief Patron Sri D. Prabhakar Rao Chairman & Managing Director, TSTRANSCO, Chairman, BVB, Sainikpuri Kendra

Air Cmde (Retd.) J. L. N. Sastry, VSM Vice Chairman, BVB, Sainikpuri Kendra

# Chairman Prof. Y. Ashok Principal, BVC

Convener Mrs. G.S. Mini Head, Department of Mathematics and Statistics

# Co-Conveners Mr. V. Selva Kumar Mrs. G. Santhi Priya

#### Coordinator Mrs. P. Krishnaveni Contact details: 8897503555 krishnaveni.mathstats@bhavansvc.ac.

#### Co-Coordinators 1. Mrs. Santi Robit Rao Contact details: 916006998 parigesanti@gmail.com

Mrs. P. Rujini
Contact details: 9949021332
rajini.ststs@bhavansvc.uc.in

#### Chief Guest & Keynote Speaker Prof. V. Kannan

Head, Department of Mathematics SRM University AP, Andhra Pradesh

## Guest of Honour Prof. N. Kishan Head, Department of Mathematics Osmania University, Telangana



#### Organizing Committee **About Workshop** Speakers Mr. N. Chandan Babu 7981649427 The main aim of this FDP on "Recent Trends in Prof. J V Ramanamarthy NTT Warangal, Velangana NIT Warnigal, Telangara Topicl: Finite Differences and matrix methods for ODEa Topic2: Homotopy Analysis Method Mathematics" is to bring the experts together to Mrs. K. Srilatha share their knowledge and novel ideas on different aspects of Mathematics. This program is intended Ms. G. Lakshmi Harini to update existing knowledge and create a deeper Ms K. Chandana Topic1: Numerical Methods for First - Order ODEs (IVPs) Topic2: Numerical Stability and Error Analysis interest in Mathematics. This FDP will give an insight into Number Theory, Mathematical Mr. A. Karthik Modelling, Numerical methods for solving Prof. Srinivasa Rae Ch. IETM, Tamilnadu Differential Equations, Real-life Applications of Solutions of Systems of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations and Exponential of a Matrix Advisory board Linear Algebra and some Numerical Methods. This Prof. N. Kishan Head, Department of Mathematics, Osmania University, Telengana Faculty development program will provide an Pref. K. Raghava Ras Kl. Usivernity, AP opportunity for teachers and researchers to learn Topic: Innovation and Intellectual property rights for the academic the current state of research & techniques in Dr. Sateesh Kumar Deevi Mathematical Sciences. Prof. Kasi Viswamathan NT Warangai, Telangana Tapie: Namerical solutions of some two-point Boundary value problems by Bailto element method with cubic splines Prof. J.V. Ramanamurthy Department of Mathematics. NIT Warangal, Telangana. **Expected Outcome** Dr .P. Annradka Kameswart Associate Professor, Anthra University, An Topick: Modular Arithmetic and Finite fit Topick: Cryptocystems and Cryptonalysis Dr. P. Vijay Kumar and Finite field Arithm The programme is expected to provide motivation and encouragement to the faculty members and Mathematics, GITAM University, Vishakapatnam, AP. researchers working in the field of Mathematical Dr. V. Kiran sciences. Topic1: Modelling the role of supplementary Food Resources in Enhancing the Biscoursed Efficiency of Natural Enemies Topic2: Modelling Biogeochemical Cycles of Lagues Ecosystems: A ta-for Chilha Labe, India Department of Mathematics, Osmania University, Telangana Dr. Uma Dixit Target Participant ssistant Professor, eparation of Mathematics, emanta University, Telangana Dr. Phani Kumar Amintant Professor (Sc.Grade-I)VIT - AP University Topic: Mathematical Modelling and its Applications Faculty from any UG and PG colleges, Research scholars, PG C VNRVJET Telacoma Request all of you to kindly join the Topic: Linear Algebra - Real life applications Telegram link provided in the Dr. K. Anuradha Coordinatos, DBT-Star College Scheme, BWC Head, Department of Microbiology, Bhavar's Vivekananda College, Secunderabad, Telanguna. Mr. Srikanth Bandi(Alumni) Registration Form Director, SB Art Studio, Hyderahad, Telangana Topic: Art Fusion-Drawing a Stress Reflever

# **DAY1: 14-02-2022**

## SESSION 1: (10:00 AM TO 11:30 AM)

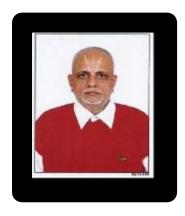
**Inaugural Session** 

Date: 14/02/2022

Mrs G Santhi Priya, faculty from Department of Mathematics and Statistics started the Inaugural session by welcoming the dignitaries and the participants. Mrs P Krishnaveni, Coordinator of the FDP has given a brief introduction about the FDP. Mrs G S Mini, Head, Department of Mathematics and Statistics addressed the gathering and expressed about the main objective of the FDP. Prof Y Ashok, Principal, BVC, Air Commodore (Retd) J.L.N. Sastry, VSM Vice Chairman, BVB, Dr K Anuradha, Co-ordinator DBT-STAR college scheme, Prof N Kishan, Head Department of Mathematics, OU,Guest of honour and Prof. V. Kannan, Head, Department of Mathematics, SRM University AP, Chief guest, addressed the gathering.



# **SESSION 2 (11:30 AM TO 1:00 PM)**



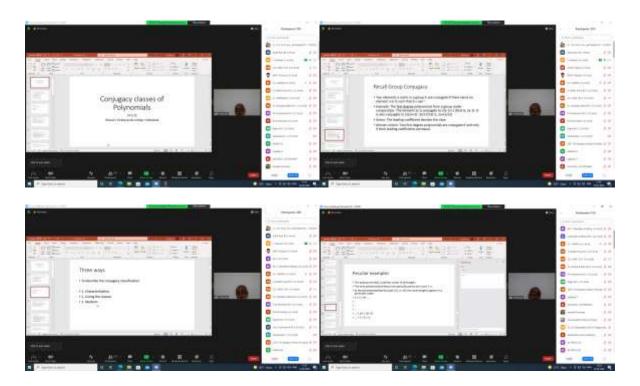
**Resource person:** Prof. V. Kannan

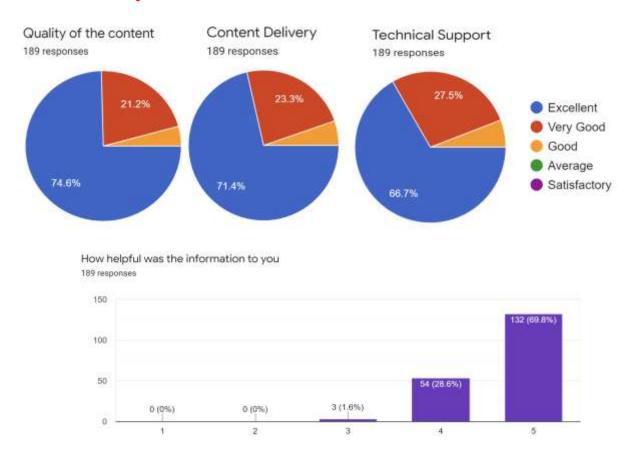
**Designation:** Head, Department of Mathematics, SRM University AP

**Topic of the Session:** Keynote address

**Number of Participants: 189** 

**Report:** Prof. V. Kannan, Head, Department of Mathematics, SRM University AP, has given the Keynote address for the FDP. He spoke on Conjugacy classes of Polynomials. Starting with the explanation of studying polynomials in 2 different kinds such as Algebraic and Analytic, he explained in detail about considering Polynomials as functions in an analytic way and how conjugacy preserves properties of functions. The 3 ways of classification of conjugacy of Polynomials, Group conjugacy, Linear conjugacy classes, and properties of conjugacy were explained in detail. Overall the Keynote address has enhanced the enthusiasm to learn more about Conjugacy of polynomials.





**SESSION 3 (1:30 PM TO 3:00 PM)** 



Resource person: Dr. P. Aparna

Designation: Associate Professor, Humanities & Sciences, VNRVJIET, Telangana

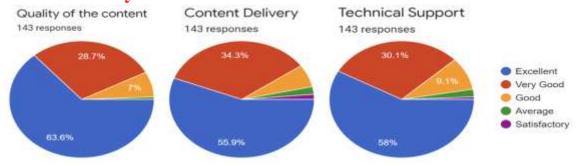
**Topic of the Session:** Linear Algebra - Real life applications

**Number of Participants: 143** 

**Report:** Dr. P. Aparna, Associate Professor, Humanities & Sciences, VNRVJIET, Telangana has given a talk in the 3rd session of day-1. She spoke about the real life applications of Linear Algebra. She has introduced the idea of cryptography and spoke on how public key encryption works. She has explained in detail the role of matrix operations in encoding and decoding messages along with examples. She has also explained Google's page rank algorithm. She has briefly discussed the singular value decomposition (SVD) and its applications in image compression, noise reduction and facial recognition.

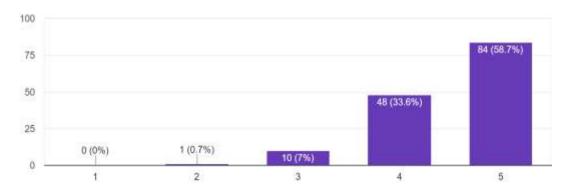






## How helpful was the information to you

143 responses



**SESSION 4 (3:00 PM TO** 





**Resource person:** Prof. J V Ramanamurthy

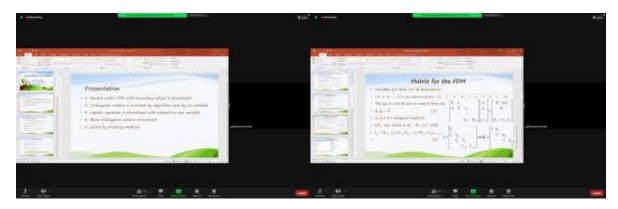
**Designation:** Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT, Warangal, Telangana

## **Topic of the Session:** Finite Differences and Matrix Methods for ODEs

# **Number of Participants: 191**

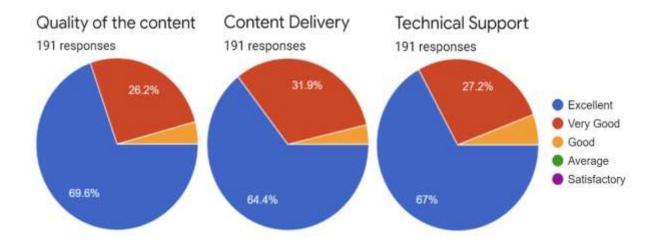
**Report:** Prof. J V Ramanamurthy, Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT, Warangal, Telangana has talked about the finite differences and matrix methods for ODEs. He spoke about the discretization scheme for a second order ODE using central differences and solved the resultant tridiagonal matrix using three methods, namely, LU decomposition, Thomas algorithm and Lindzen method. For LU decomposition and Thomas algorithm, he has also displayed the code used in R programming to solve the problem. He has also explained the usage of the five point formula for discretizing the Laplace equation and solved the resultant system using Gauss-Seidel iteration with R programming.

## Photos—

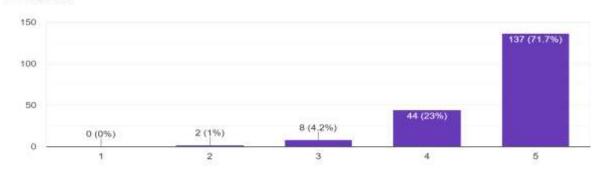




## Feedback Analysis:



How helpful was the information to you 191 responses



# **DAY2: 15-02-2022**

SESSION 1: (10:00 AM TO 11:30 AM)



Resource person: Dr .P. Anuradha Kameswari

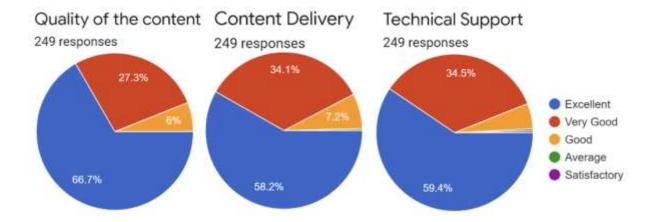
**Designation:** Associate Professor, Andhra University, Andhra Pradesh **Topic of the Session:** Modular Arithmetic and Finite field Arithmetic

# **Number of Participants: 249**

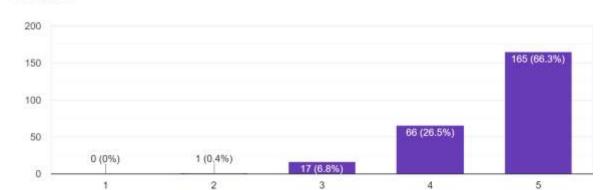
**Report:** Dr P Anuradha Kameshwari, Associate Professor, Andhra University, has started her presentation initially by explaining most of the basic concepts of Number Theory such as Prime number, GCD, Relatively Prime Numbers, Distribution function of I(x), Congruence etc. She highlighted the importance and application of the concepts like: Prime Number Theorem that states " $I(x) \approx \frac{x}{loa}$  as  $x \to \infty$ " Prime Factorization Theorem, Euclidean Algorithm, Properties of Congruences with a quite good number of examples. She has wonderfully explained how congruences lead to Residue classes of Integers which make up the construction of the group  $Z_n$ . She introduced Modular Arithmetic as an Arithmetic on  $Z_n$ . She extended the topics to: Euler's  $\phi$ -function in Modular Computations and properties, Little Fermat's Theorem along with Chinese Remainder Theorem speed up Modulo Computations. She briefed about the Finite Field of Arithmetic by explaining about the Algebraic field. Finally it was concluded by explaining the importance of the Finite Field of Arithmetic that plays a vital role in the efficiency of Cryptosystem.



Feedback Analysis:



# How helpful was the information to you 249 responses



# SESSION 2: (11:30 AM TO 1:00 PM)



Resource person: Dr .P. Anuradha Kameswari

**Designation:** Associate Professor, Andhra University, Andhra Pradesh

**Topic of the Session:** Cryptosystems and Cryptanalysis

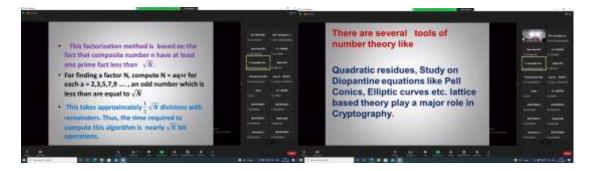
**Number of Participants: 147** 

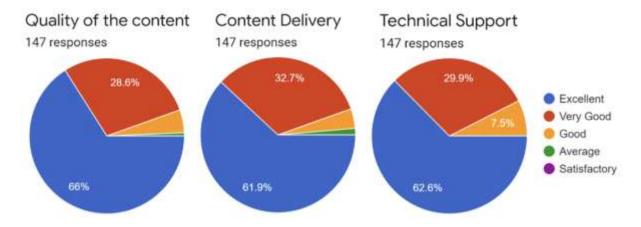
**Report:** 

Dr P Anuradha Kameshwari, Associate Professor, Andhra University, has started her second topic by introducing Cryptography She explained Mathematical Algorithms to Encipher and Decipher using Mathematical objects like Integers, Vectors , Point on Curves. She explained the concepts such as Cryptosystem given by the tuple  $(P, C, E_k, D_k)$ . She explained about Caesar Cipher, the earliest known crypto system, The classification of Cryptosystems as Symmetric Vs Asymmetric. She briefly explained the Design and use of RSA Cryptosystem. The ideas of Prime multiplication and Integer factorisation and the relevant theorems used to create Public key in RSA Algorithms were explained in detail. The factorising concepts and algorithms for securing cryptosystem by Cryptanalysis, The Pollard (p-1) Algorithm for a composite integer N with a prime factor p, Pollard's rho method of factoring were explained in brief. It was continued to explain about one of the fastest known factoring algorithms i.e Quadratic Sieve was explained. She emphasized on the study of different tools such as Elliptic curves, Lattice based theory which play a major role in Cryptography.

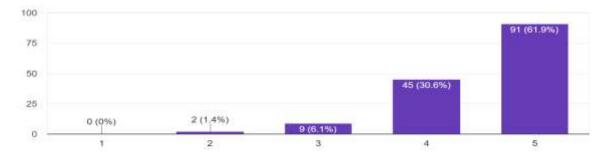
#### Photos—







How helpful was the information to you 147 responses



# **SESSION 3 (1:30 PM TO 3:00 PM)**



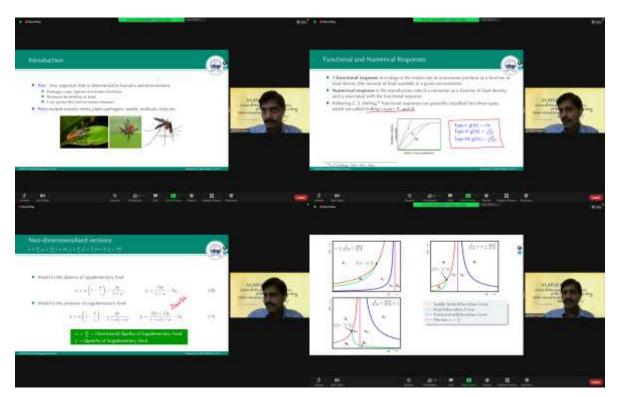
**Resource person:** Dr. B.S.R.V. Prasad

**Designation:** Assistant Professor Senior (Grade II), Department of Mathematics, School of Advanced Sciences, Vellore Institute of Technology, Vellore

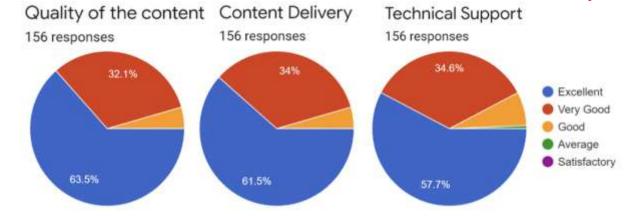
**Topic of the Session:** Modelling the role of supplementary Food Resources in Enhancing the Biocontrol Efficiency of Natural Enemies

# **Number of Participants: 156**

**Report:** Dr. B.S.R.V. Prasad, Assistant Professor Senior (Grade II), Department of Mathematics, School of Advanced Sciences, Vellore Institute of Technology, Vellore has talked about Modelling the role of supplementary Food Resources in Enhancing the Biocontrol Efficiency of Natural Enemies. Sir has started the talk by explaining the adverse effects of pests on humans and the environment. The speaker has talked about various ways of traditional pest control and their disadvantages. One such control that Sir has focused on is biological control where a suitable natural enemy of the pest is identified. Sir has also explained ways in which the predation effect on the pest can be enhanced. In the rest of the talk, the speaker has shown how this can be achieved using mathematical modelling. Sir has explained the terms Functional and numerical responses which are defined as the intake rate and reproduction rate of the consumer/predator respectively. Both are functions of food density which is the amount of food available in a given environment. Sir has briefly discussed various functional responses namely, Holling's type I, II and III, Beddington-DeAngelis and Ratio-Dependent. Sir has explained the modelling of the Prey-Predator system both in presence and absence of supplementary food; displayed the numerical simulations using plots in variation with the quality and quantity of supplementary food available in the environment. The speaker has also discussed the case when the predator has weak and high cannibalistic natures.

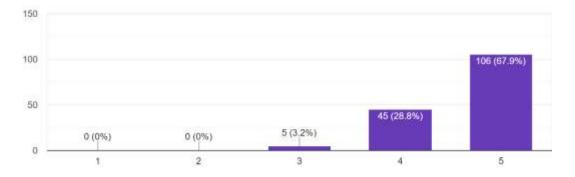






How helpful was the information to you

156 responses



# **SESSION 4 (3:00 PM TO 4:30 PM)**



**Resource person:** Prof. J V Ramanamurthy

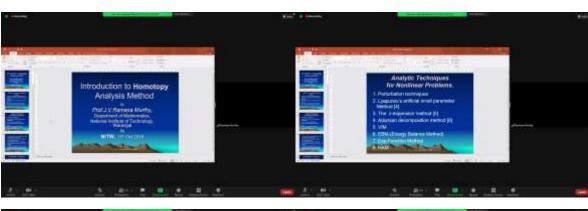
**Designation:** Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT, Warangal, Telangana

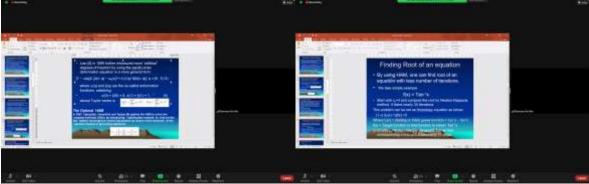
**Topic of the Session:** Homotopy Analysis Method

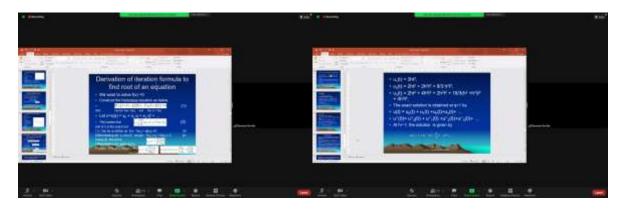
**Number of Participants: 181** 

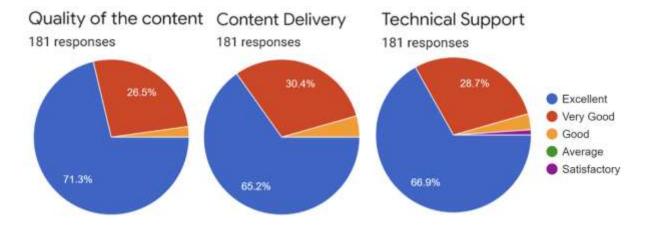
**Report:** Prof. J V Ramanamurthy, Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT, Warangal, Telangana has talked about Homotopy Analysis Method (HAM). The standards for a good analytical method were discussed and some of the popular analytical techniques used for solving nonlinear problems were introduced while pointing out the disadvantages of the rest of them in comparison to HAM. The variations of HAM like the spectral, predictor and optimal HAM that are derived by several researchers were briefly discussed. Later, the root of the equation  $f(x) = tan^{-1} x$  has been calculated using HAM and has been compared with the iterations given by Newton-Raphson's method where a clear observation has been made that HAM is better than Newton-Raphson's method. The Mathematica code used for solving the problem using both these methods has also been presented. After that, an algorithm to find multiple roots of the quadratic equation  $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$  using HAM along with Runge-Kutta 4th order method has been presented. Next, a step-by-step procedure for solving the nonlinear differential equation  $u'' + (u')^2 = 0$  with u(0) = 1, u'(0) = 2 using HAM has been elaborately explained.

#### Photos—

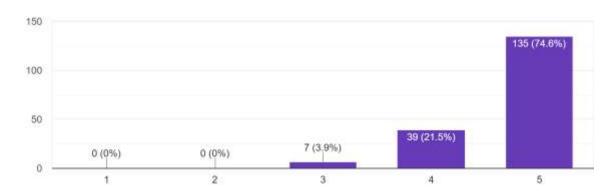








How helpful was the information to you 181 responses



DAY3: 16-02-2022

SESSION 1: (10:00 AM TO 11:30 AM)



**Resource person:** Prof. K. Raghava Rao

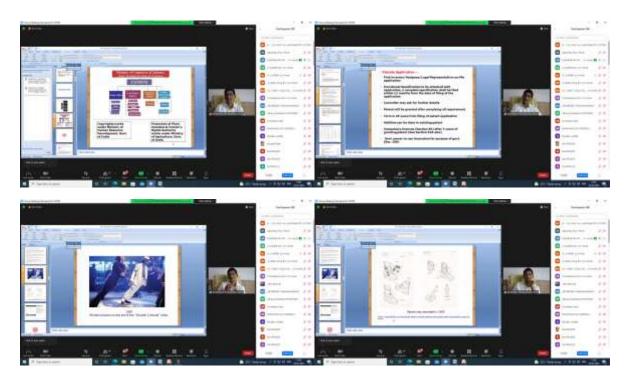
**Designation:** Professor, Department of Electronics and Computer Engineering, Koneru Lakshmaiah Education Foundation, KL University, AP

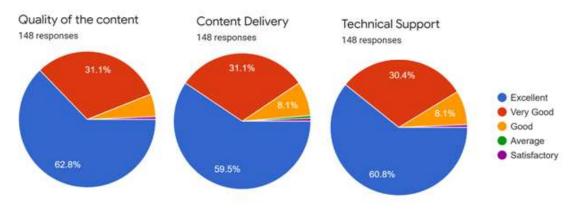
**Topic of the Session:** Innovation and Intellectual property rights for the academic community

# **Number of Participants: 148**

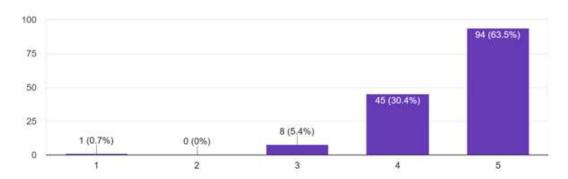
**Report:** Prof. K. Raghava Rao, Professor, Department of Electronics and Computer Engineering, Koneru Lakshmaiah Education Foundation, KL University, AP, has talked about the Innovation and Intellectual property rights for the academic community. The definition of intellectual property has been explained. The need to protect intellectual property has been discussed. Next, the agreement on trade related aspects related to intellectual property rights has been discussed. Later, several branches of intellectual property like patent, copyrights, trademarks, designs etc. have been discussed in detail. The structure of Indian patent offices under the Ministry of Commerce & Industry has been presented. The conditions for granting a patent and the procedure for filing one has been explained. Later, the patent cooperation treaty (PCT) was discussed. The statistics of patent applications from various countries and the leading recipients has been presented. Later, the Apple Inc. v/s Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd. dispute regarding the design of smartphone and tablet computers has been explained. Next, the dispute between Novartis AG and Union of India & others has been presented. The patent awarded to Michael Jackson's shoes in 1993 has been presented. Next, India's copyright act (1957), the trademark act (1999), design act (2000), geographical indication of goods (1999), traditional knowledge, trade secret/confidential information, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights act (2001) were explained and some of the leading cases pertaining to each act have been presented.







How helpful was the information to you 148 responses



SESSION 2: (11:30 AM TO 1:00 PM)



**Resource person:** Prof. Natesan Srinivasan

**Designation:** Department of Mathematics, Indian Institute Of Technology, Guwahati.

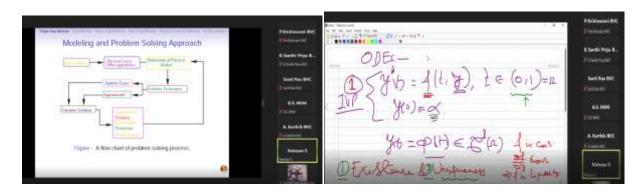
**Topic of the Session:** Numerical Methods for First-Order ODEs (IVPs)

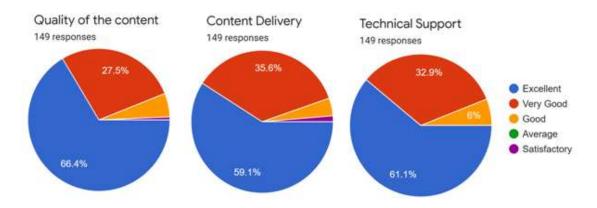
**Number of Participants: 149** 

### Report:

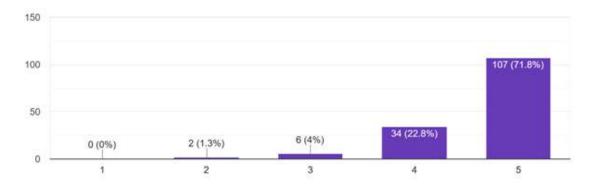
Prof. Natesan Srinivasan, Department of Mathematics, Indian Institute Of Technology, Guwahati, has given a wonderful presentation on Numerical Methods for First-Order ODEs(IVPs). Sir mentioned that Numerical methods for ordinary differential equations are methods used to find numerical approximations to the solutions of ODE. Sir started from the basic idea of "Modelling and problem solving approach" through a flow chart of the problem solving process, highlighting the importance of "Approximation techniques" instead of "Analytic/Exact" while solving real time problems. Sir explained the differential equation, an Initial value problem (IVP) of the form: y'(t) = f(t, y(t)),  $y(t_0) = y_0$ , and discussed the existence and uniqueness of the solution. The Speaker has explained about the Lipschitz condition for the function f, stability in change of the solution according to the change in the given Initial value problem. He explained the process of Discretization of the domain into partitions with grid points  $t_i$  and  $h_i$  being the length of each subinterval and integrating between each  $t_i$  to  $t_{i+1}$ . Sir explained the Numerical integration/Quadrature using rectangle rule along with error approximations. Sir has also mentioned Convergence for error to tend to 0 as h tends to 0, Rounding of errors, Minimising Taylor's expansions. Sir discussed the Theorems and Lemmas supporting Convergence of Euler's method, Geometrical point of view of Euler's method.

#### **PHOTOS:**





How helpful was the information to you 149 responses



**SESSION 3: (1:30 PM TO 3:00 PM)** 



**Resource person:** Mr. Srikanth Bandi (Alumni)

**Designation:** Director, SB Art Studio, Hyderabad, Telangana

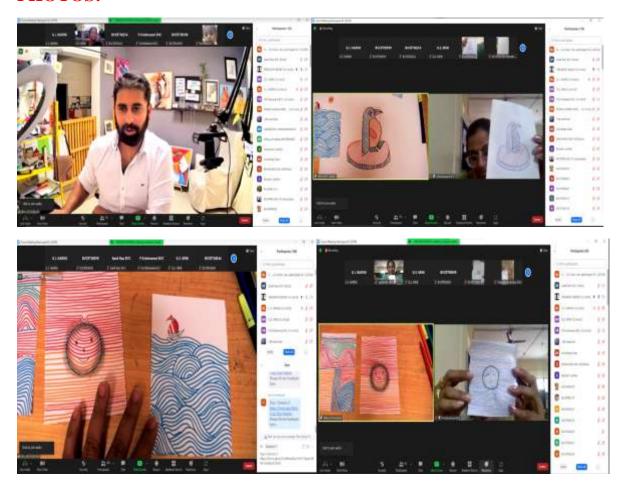
**Topic of the Session:** Art Fusion-Drawing a stress Reliever

**Number of Participants: 132** 

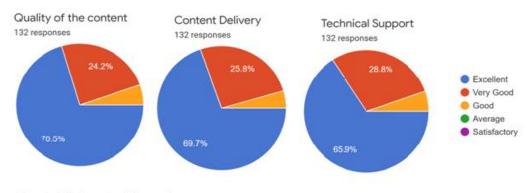
# **Report:**

**Mr. Srikanth Bandi**, Director, SB Art Studio, Hyderabad has talked about the Art Fusion-Drawing a stress Reliever. He described his art journey as an endless learning Marathon. He mainly spoke about concentration. He said that Concentration is the ability of an individual to focus on one matter by mental effort and an undisturbed mind. He has explained that art and Mathematics have a long-standing relationship. And he made the participants draw the diagrams with the help of Rectangle shape, curves etc.

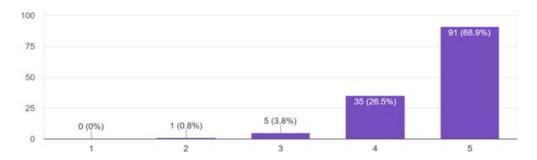
## **PHOTOS:**







# How helpful was the information to you 132 responses



**SESSION 4 (3:00 PM TO 4:30 PM)** 



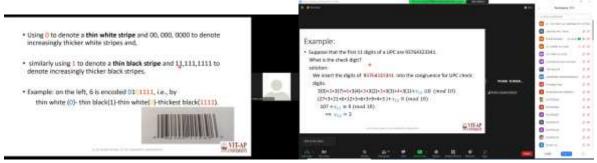
**Resource person:** Dr. Phani Kumar

**Designation:** Assistant Professor (Grade-II), VIT - AP University

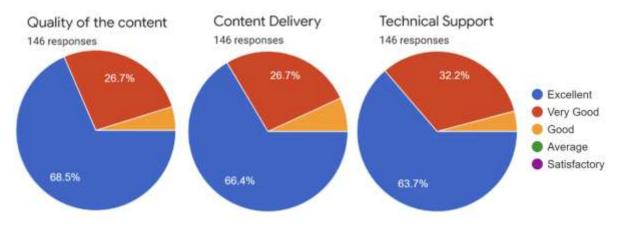
**Topic of the Session:** Mathematical Modelling and its applications

**Number of Participants: 146** 

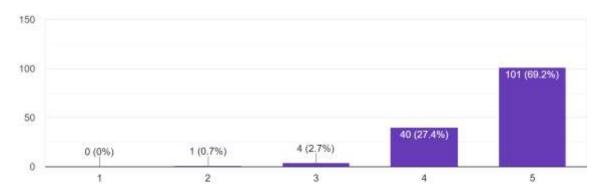
Report: Dr. Phani Kumar, Assistant Professor (Grade-II), VIT - AP University, has talked about Mathematical Modelling and its applications. The solution methodology for a linear congruence problem has been discussed. The algorithm that a scanner uses to convert a barcode to number has been explained. The applications of linear congruence problem to Universal Product Code (UPC) and ISBN have been discussed. The methods to check whether a given UPC and ISBN is valid has also been presented. Later, the traffic flow problem, where the traffic density at various places has been solved by balancing the traffic at intersections. Next, different types of sphere, like impervious, porous, etc. have been discussed. The basic concepts of fluid dynamics like, viscosity, density, axisymmetric flows, steady state flows, Reynolds number, compressible and incompressible flows have been discussed in detail. Later, the mass and momentum conservation principles and the resultant PDEs have been discussed. The modelling of flow of a viscous fluid past sphere has been presented and the solution to the resultant equations have been discussed. For this flow, the drag coefficient and the shear stress has also been calculated. Later, a brief introduction was made to the contaminated fluid sphere as well.







# How helpful was the information to you 146 responses



DAY4: 17-02-2022

**SESSION 1: (10:00 AM TO 11:30 AM)** 



**Resource person:** Prof. Kasi Viswanadham

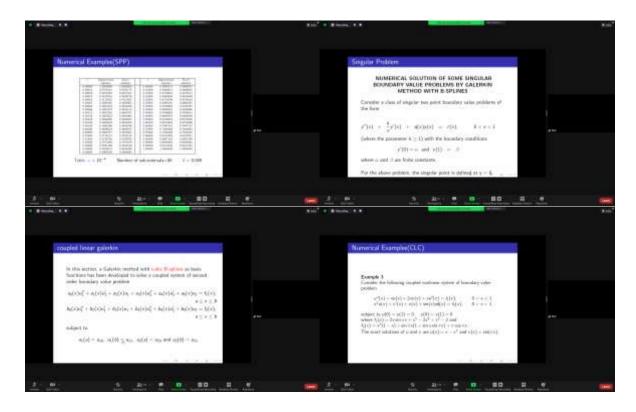
**Designation:** Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT Warangal, Telangana.

Topic of the Session: Numerical solutions of some two-point Boundary value problems

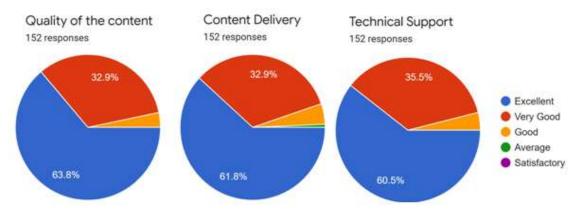
by finite element method with cubic splines

**Number of Participants: 152** 

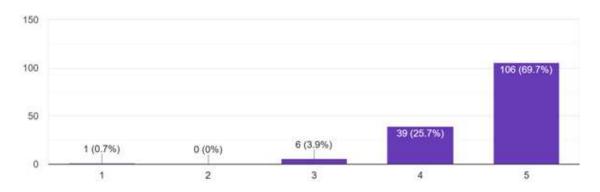
**Report:** Prof. Kasi Viswanadham, Professor, Department of Mathematics, NIT Warangal, Telangana has talked about the Numerical solutions of some two-point Boundary value problems by finite element method with cubic splines. The prevalence of boundary value problems in various fields of research and the difficulty in solving them was explained. The approximate methods that are used to solve such problems like the finite difference, finite element and finite volume methods have been discussed and the advantages of finite element method over others has been explained. The variational methods that are involved while solving a problem using finite element method have been presented. Two such variational methods, namely, collocation method and Galerkin method has been explained in detail. The solution to the homogeneous singular perturbation problem,  $\varepsilon y''(x) + y'(x) - y(x) =$  $0,0 \le x \le 1$  with y(0) = 1 and y(1) = 1, that is solved using the collocation method, is compared with the exact solution when  $\varepsilon$  is  $10^{-3}$  and  $10^{-4}$ . Also, the numerical solution of the non-homogeneous singular perturbation problem,  $\varepsilon y''(x) + y'(x) = 1 + 2x, 0 \le x \le 1$ with y(0) = 1 and y(1) = 1 has been compared with its exact solution. The same has been presented for the homogeneous singular perturbation problem with variable coefficients,  $\varepsilon y''(x) + \left[1 - \frac{x}{2}\right] y'(x) - \frac{1}{2}y(x) = 0, 0 \le x \le 1$  with y(0) = 0 and y(1) = 1. Later, a class of singular two point boundary value problem has been presented and the difficulty in solving problems with singularity has been explained. The reason for using finite element method viz., Galerkin method for solving such problems has been stated and the method has been described. As an example, the solution of zeroth order Bessel's differential equation has been derived using this method and compared with its exact solution. A similar comparison has been made for two more boundary value problems with singularity. Next, the solution to some coupled system of boundary value problems has been presented using both collocation and Galerkin methods and the error in comparison with the exact solution has been presented. Later, the solution of the 4th order linear boundary value problems derived using both the methods has been discussed.



#### **FEEDBACK ANALYSIS:**



How helpful was the information to you 152 responses



**SESSION 2: (11:30 AM TO 1:00 PM)** 

**Photo Of Resource Person:** 



**Resource person:** Prof. Natesan Srinivasan

**Designation:** Professor, Department of Mathematics, IIT, Guwahati.

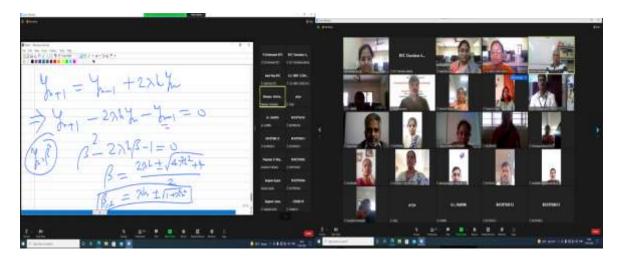
**Topic of the Session:** Numerical Stability and Error Analysis.

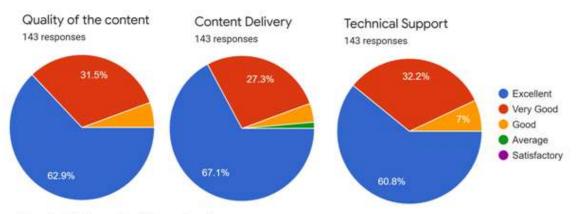
**Number of Participants: 143** 

## **Report:**

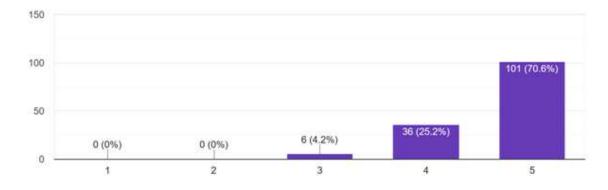
Prof. Natesan Srinivasan, Department of Mathematics, Indian Institute Of Technology, Guwahati, has talked about Numerical Stability and Error Analysis. He discussed the effect of round-off error in the Euler Method. He said that the effect of round-off error which is neglected in the theorem plays an important role, as  $\hbar$  becomes smaller, more calculations are necessary and more round off error is expected. He discussed the Implicit Euler method, Explicit Euler Method. He said that Explicit Euler is conditionally stable and Implicit Error is unconditionally stable. And he added that the Multistep method provides more than one root for the difference equation because the first order difference equation is replaced by higher order difference equation and he said that in the Multistep Method, we have to study stability carefully. He discussed about Euler & related  $\theta$ -method. He next discussed the Runge-Kutta Method and he said that to obtain higher order convergence, we use Runge-Kutta Method.







How helpful was the information to you 143 responses



SESSION 3: (1:30 AM TO 3:00 PM)



Resource person: Dr. B S R V Prasad

**Designation:** Assistant Professor, VIT, Vellore, Tamilnadu

**Topic of the Session:** Modelling Biogeochemical Cycles of Lagoon Ecosystems

**Number of Participants: 147** 

## **Report:**

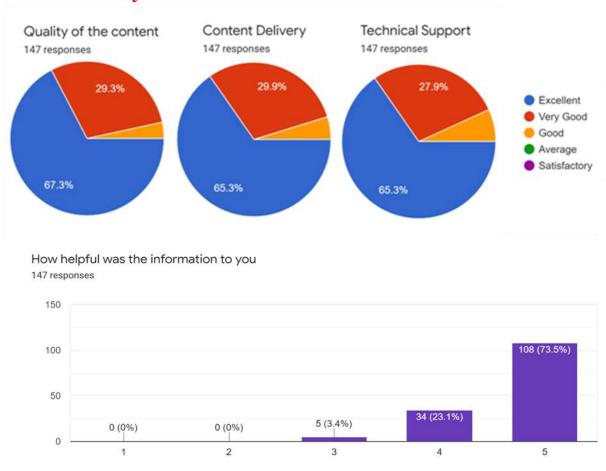
Dr. B.S.R.V. Prasad, Assistant Professor Senior (Grade II), Department of Mathematics, School of Advanced Sciences, Vellore Institute of Technology, has wonderfully explained a real time process about Modelling of Biogeochemical Cycles of Lagoon Ecosystems , A Case for Chilka Lake, India. Sir started with emphasising on the importance of identifying as well as handling the proper functions, parameters and data that is required not only in the areas related to Mathematics but also in various other disciplines.. He mentioned the Coastal lagoons which are transitional zones between land and sea. It was mentioned that there are increasing Nutrient loadings such as : DO Cycle, Nitrogen Cycle, Phosphorus Cycle and Silicon cycles are coming from both boundaries to Lagoon ecosystems with major impact on water quality and ecology. A holistic study and a modelling approach helps the study of physical, chemical, geological and ecological dynamics are needed to plan, implement and manage these systems effectively. Sir has explained the process affecting dissolved Oxygen concentration. He presented a Mathematical model by defining  $\frac{dO}{dt}$  i.e to find the Oxygen level changes according to the change in time:

 $\frac{dO}{dt} = \pm (Atmospheric-water surface exchange) + Photosynthesis$ 

-(Nitrification+Respiration+Mineralisation)

Sir has given the analysis of this Mathematical model by giving a formula to Equilibrium DO Level, along with regions of Under saturation and Supersaturation, Ecosystem Health and Controllability diagramatically. He has explained the Biogeochemical Model of DO for Chilka lagoon by explaining the DO Dynamics in the absence of Diatoms, Cyanonophyceans and MPB. It is also mentioned about different methods used to estimate Neo Ecosystem Metabolism (NEM) such as the light/dark bottle method and open water diel oxygen methods.





DAY5: 18-02-2022

SESSION 1: (10:00 AM TO 11:30 AM)



Resource person: Prof. Srinivas Rao Ch

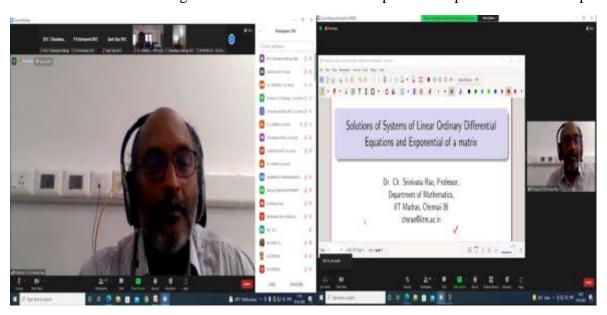
**Designation:** Professor, Department of Mathematics, IITM, Tamilnadu

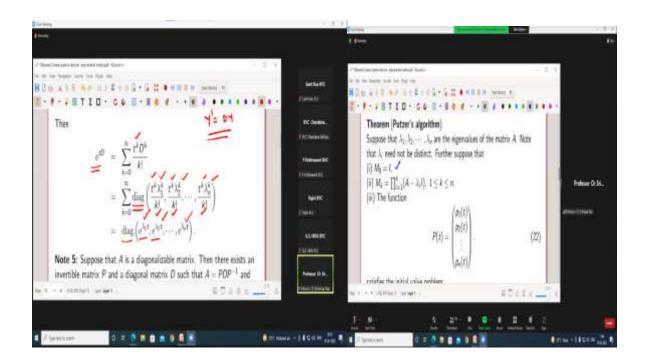
**Topic of the Session:** Solutions of Systems of Linear Ordinary Differential Equations and Exponential of a Matrix

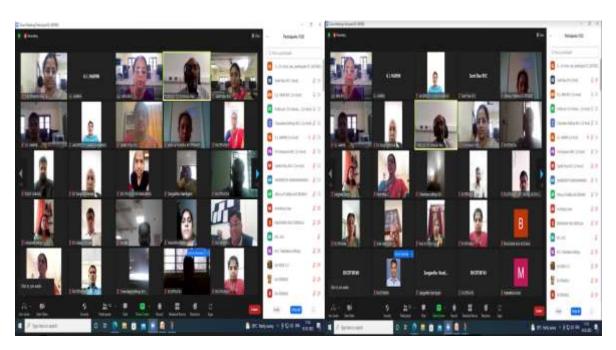
# **Number of Participants: 170**

# **Report:**

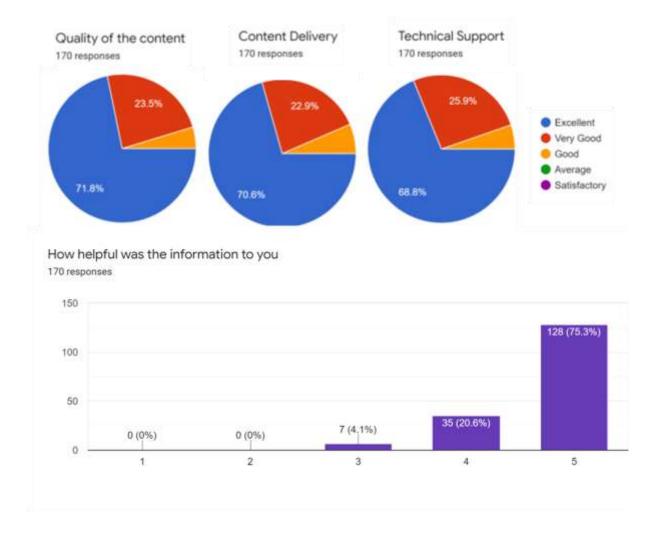
Prof. Ch. Srinivasa Rao , Department of Mathematics, IITM , Tamilnadu explained about the Solutions of systems of Linear Ordinary Differential equations and Exponential of a Matrix. He talked about considering one scalar equation, and the solution will be in the form of an exponential form, and he added that if we suppose a system of linear equations  $Y^I = Ay$  assuming that A is a constant matrix then we have two solutions one is same as like the scalar equation solution and the other solution is  $Y = e^{At} B_I$  where  $B_I$  is a vector. He spoke about  $e^{At} B_I$  is the solution of differential equation and how to evaluate  $e^{At}$ . He added that it can be done by using Evaluation of  $e^{At}$ . He discussed the theorems on how to evaluate  $e^{At}$ . To evaluate  $e^{At}$  we can use Jordan canonical form , Diagonalisation etc. He added that to avoid Jordan canonical form a methods are invented like Putzer's Algorithm and Leonard's method for evaluating  $e^{At}$ . He has talked about Lanchester's model and Battle of Trafalgar and a model of doctoral supervisor-supervisee relationship.





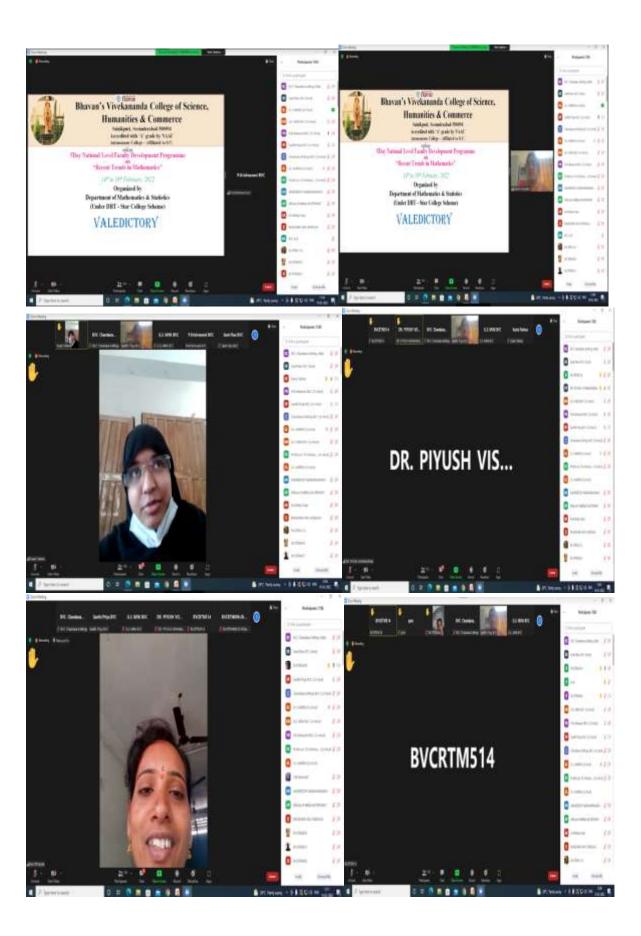


# **FEEDBACK ANALYSIS:**



#### **SESSION-2 (VALEDICTORY)**

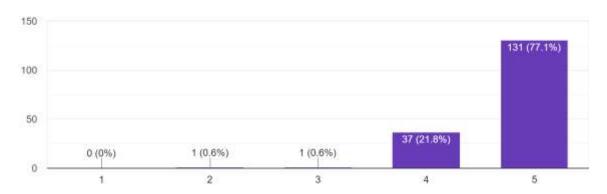
Receiving an overwhelming response from participants, the five-day FDP on 'RECENT TRENDS IN MATHEMATICS' came to an end with the Valedictory session. Mrs G Santhi Priya, faculty from Department of Mathematics and Statistics started the Valedictory session. Mrs P Krishnaveni, Coordinator of the FDP has given a report on FDP saying that the aim of FDP is bringing experts together to share their knowledge and ideas on different topics of Mathematics. Mrs G S Mini, Head, Department of Mathematics and Statistics addressed the gathering and thanked Prof Y Ashok, Principal, BVC, Air Commodore (Retd) J.L.N. Sastry, VSM Vice Chairman, BVB, Dr K Anuradha, Co-ordinator DBT-STAR college scheme,to Prof. V. Kannan, Head, Department of Mathematics, SRM University AP, Chief guest, Prof N Kishan, Head, Department of Mathematics, OU,Guest of honour and expressed heartfelt gratitude to all the resource persons. Vote of Thanks was delivered by Mrs. Santhi Rohit Rao. As a fitting finale, the participants are asked to share their experience and learning from the program. The participants shared their experience and they said that all the sessions were very informative. The program concluded on this happy note.



# **OVERALL FEEDBACK**

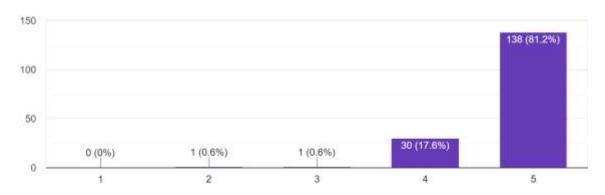
Was the FDP well organized?

170 responses

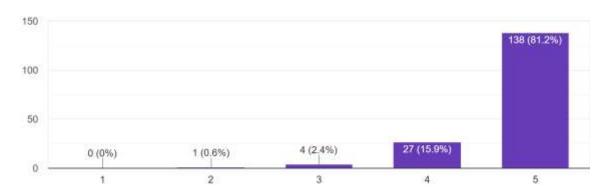


How would you rate the overall FDP experience

170 responses



How likely would you be to recommend this FDP to a colleague/friend 170 responses



# Did the FDP meet your expectations

170 responses

